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## Private Equity outperforms listed companies on working capital management

Strong focus of PE on working capital optimisation pays off

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### **1. PE outperforms listed companies** on working capital management

PwC research reveals that PE owned portfolio companies have significant less cash 'locked' in their operational processes (approximately 30%) than listed companies operating in the same industry. The research covered  $\sim$ 750 companies located in Western Europe in the Healthcare (e.g. pharmaceuticals and biotechnology), Industries (e.g. construction, engineering, transport and logistics), Materials (e.g. producers of machines and construction materials) and Consumer goods industry (e.g. retail and apparel producers).

CCC

DPO



#### **Definitions:**

**DSO** ('Days Sales Outstanding') = The average number of days it takes companies to collect revenue after a sale has been made **DIO** ('Days Inventory on Hand') = The average number of days it takes companies to sell the entire inventorv

**DPO** ('Days Payables Outstanding') = The average number of days companies take to pay their suppliers

**CCC** ('Cash Conversion Cycle') = The average number of days it takes companies to convert resource inputs into cash

PE	54	88	72	69	
Listed companies	64	100	64	100	
Materials	DSO	DIO	DPO		
PE	64	85	86	63	
Listed companies	56	102	66	92	
Consumer goods	DSO	DIO	DPO	CCC	
PE	45	98	67	76	
Listed companies	42	118	66	94	
Industries	DSO	DIO	DPO	CCC	
PE	60	32	65	27	
Listed companies	61	32	54	39	

Differences in length of the CCC ('Cash Conversion Cycle') cannot merely explained by a higher DPO due to stretching of credit terms or deliberately paying late suppliers. For most of the sectors the lower CCC also coincides with improved operational processes, resulting often in significantly lower inventories.



**Healthcare** 

DSO

DIO

+

# 2. Why leading PE-investors focus on WCM



Working capital performance is often a barometer of how well a company is managed. It is an indicator of good management, can provide a real competitive advantage, and is the life blood of every company.

Effective and efficient management of working capital constitutes a key lever for increasing shareholder value. Leading PE houses acknowledge this and therefore adapt their day-to-day business and corporate strategy. They want to increase shareholder value through realizing operational improvements and not by merely refinance their portfolio companies with additional debt. PE houses and their portfolio companies have therefore increased their focus on optimizing working capital through all stages of the deal cycle:

- **Pre-deal:** As potential upside (but also red flags) for investment thesis. During DD ('Due Diligence') they investigate whether operational improvements can be realized that will optimise the working capital position in the short and long run.
- **Portfolio optimization:** Further optimise the working capital positon of all their PE portfolio companies to unlock cash for new investments. Working capital reduction through e.g. embedding a real 'cash-culture' within the organization and implement operational or tactical WCM measures.
- **Pre-exit:** Enlarge deal value from reduced working capital.



### 3. What can we learn from PE?

A qualitative survey, completed under CFOs and Finance Directors of various Dutch portfolio companies, confirmed that the type of ownership drives the focus on WC. The large majority of the respondents replied that the change of ownership to a PE owned company, has led to an increased focus on WC. The companies' relatively large debt position is an important contributor for this. The result of the study shows that PE portfolio companies who actually achieved a significant WC improvement did both:

- 1) highly focusing on working capital management ('WCM');
- 2) deploying a significant number of WC initiatives.

The level of WC initiatives has been scored on five WCM 'Levers for Improvement': Operational, Tactical, Reporting, Financing and Cash Culture. Results show that PE portfolio companies with relatively a high score on the Cash Culture, Reporting and Tactical lever, show a significant WC improvement. The largest difference in score is measured on the Tactical lever. However, there is still room for improvement for both low and high performers on the Operational and Financing lever.



# 4. What are the key lessons for both corporates and PE?

Still, even for companies that are highly focused on WCM it seems to be difficult to sustainably improve their WC position. Approximately 50% of highly focused PE portfolio companies did only consider a medium improvement in their WC position. An explanation may be that PE portfolio companies do not yet deploy in full the improvement measures of all the working capital levers, as research also shows. This applies in particular to the operational and financing measures.

- 1. A high focus on WCM pays off, in particularly through the implementation of tactical measures and inventory levels (e.g. optimise credit terms and inventories)
- 2. Other measures that distinguish companies with a relatively low working capital position are:
  - Establish a 'Cash Culture' creating cash awareness throughout the organization
  - Measure and monitor actively the WCM performance in the standard reporting cycle
- 3. For both good and bad performers on WCM there is additional potential to improve the WCM position. This e.g. through the introduction of end-to-end solutions in all operational cycles, and the use of working capital financing tools such as SCF ('Supply Chain Financing') and factoring





### 5. How can PwC support you?

PwC can help you to increase the return on your investments by reducing cash tied up in operations. Our team has worked with 400+ business including many PE-houses and their portfolio companies. We are dedicated practitioners with hands-on experience, which builds trust, generates buy-in and drives sustainable results.

Please visit our website for more information: http://www.pwc.nl/workingcapital



### **Contacts**

Please contact PwC for further information about working capital management and optimisation.



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